

ROS Cheat Sheet

Filesystem Command-line Tools

<code>rospack/rostopic</code>	A tool inspecting packages/stacks .
<code>roscl</code>	Changes directories to a package or stack.
<code>rosfs</code>	Lists package or stack information.
<code>roscreate-pkg</code>	Creates a new ROS package.
<code>roscreate-stack</code>	Creates a new ROS stack.
<code>rosdep</code>	Installs ROS package system dependencies.
<code>rosmake</code>	Builds a ROS package.
<code>roswtf</code>	Displays errors and warnings about a running ROS system or launch file.

Usage:

```
$ rospack find [package]
$ roscl [package[/subdir]]
$ rosfs [package[/subdir]]
$ roscreate-pkg [package_name]
$ rosmake [package]
$ rosdep install [package]
$ roswhf or roswhf [file]
```

Common Command-line Tools

roscore

A collection of [nodes](#) and programs that are pre-requisites of a ROS-based system. You must have a roscore running in order for ROS nodes to communicate.

roscore is currently defined as:

```
master
parameter server
rosout
```

Usage:

```
$ roscore
```

rosmsg/rossrv

rosmsg/rossrv displays Message/Service (msg/srv) data structure definitions.

Commands:	
<code>rosmsg show</code>	Display the fields in the msg.
<code>rosmsg users</code>	Search for code using the msg.
<code>rosmsg md5</code>	Display the msg md5 sum.
<code>rosmsg package</code>	List all the messages in a package.
<code>rosnode packages</code>	List all the packages with messages.

Examples:

```
Display the Pose msg:
$ rosmsg show Pose
List the messages in nav_msgs:
$ rosmsg package nav_msgs
List the files using sensor_msgs/CameraInfo:
$ rosmsg users sensor_msgs/CameraInfo
```

rosrun

rosrun allows you to run an executable in an arbitrary package without having to cd (or roscl) there first.

Usage:

```
$ rosrun package executable
```

Example:

```
Run turtlesim:
$ rosrun turtlesim turtlesim_node
```

rosnode

Displays debugging information about ROS nodes, including publications, subscriptions and connections.

Commands:

<code>rosnode ping</code>	Test connectivity to node.
<code>rosnode list</code>	List active nodes.
<code>rosnode info</code>	Print information about a node.
<code>rosnode machine</code>	List nodes running on a particular machine.
<code>rosnode kill</code>	Kills a running node.

Examples:

```
Kill all nodes:
$ rosnode kill -a
List nodes on a machine:
$ rosnode machine aqy.local
Ping all nodes:
$ rosnode ping --all
```

roslaunch

Starts ROS nodes locally and remotely via SSH, as well as setting parameters on the parameter server.

Examples:

```
Launch on a different port:
$ roslaunch -p 1234 package filename.launch
Launch a file in a package:
$ roslaunch package filename.launch
Launch on the local nodes:
$ roslaunch --local package filename.launch
```

rostopic

A tool for displaying debug information about ROS [topics](#), including publishers, subscribers, publishing rate, and messages.

Commands:

<code>rostopic bw</code>	Display bandwidth used by topic.
<code>rostopic echo</code>	Print messages to screen.
<code>rostopic hz</code>	Display publishing rate of topic.
<code>rostopic list</code>	Print information about active topics.
<code>rostopic pub</code>	Publish data to topic.
<code>rostopic type</code>	Print topic type.
<code>rostopic find</code>	Find topics by type.

Examples:

Publish hello at 10 Hz:

```
$ rostopic pub -r 10 /topic_name std_msgs/String hello
```

Clear the screen after each message is published:

```
$ rostopic echo -c /topic_name
```

Display messages that match a given Python expression:

```
$ rostopic echo --filter "m.data=='foo'" /topic_name
```

Pipe the output of rostopic to rosmsg to view the msg type:

```
$ rostopic type /topic_name | rosmsg show
```

rosparam

A tool for getting and setting ROS [parameters](#) on the parameter server using YAML-encoded files.

Commands:

<code>rosparam set</code>	Set a parameter.
<code>rosparam get</code>	Get a parameter.
<code>rosparam load</code>	Load parameters from a file.
<code>rosparam dump</code>	Dump parameters to a file.
<code>rosparam delete</code>	Delete a parameter.
<code>rosparam list</code>	List parameter names.

Examples:

List all the parameters in a namespace:

```
$ rosparam list /namespace
```

Setting a list with one as a string, integer, and float:

```
$ rosparam set /foo "[1, 1, 1.0]"
```

Dump only the parameters in a specific namespace to file:

```
$ rosparam dump dump.yaml /namespace
```

rosservice

A tool for listing and querying ROS services.

Commands:

<code>rosservice list</code>	Print information about active services.
<code>rosservice node</code>	Print the name of the node providing a service.
<code>rosservice call</code>	Call the service with the given args.
<code>rosservice args</code>	List the arguments of a service.
<code>rosservice type</code>	Print the service type.
<code>rosservice uri</code>	Print the service ROSRPC uri.
<code>rosservice find</code>	Find services by service type.

Examples:

Call a service from the command-line:

```
$ rosservice call /add_two_ints 1 2
```

Pipe the output of rosservice to rossrv to view the srv type:

```
$ rosservice type add.two.ints | rossrv show
```

Display all services of a particular type:

```
$ rosservice find rospy_tutorials/AddTwoInts
```

Logging Command-line Tools

rosbag

This is a set of tools for recording from and playing back to ROS topics. It is intended to be high performance and avoids deserialization and reserialization of the messages.

`rosbag record` will generate a “.bag” file (so named for historical reasons) with the contents of all topics that you pass to it.

Examples:

Record all topics:

```
$ rosbag record -a
```

Record select topics:

```
$ rosbag record topic1 topic2
```

rosbag play will take the contents of one or more bag file, and play them back in a time-synchronized fashion.

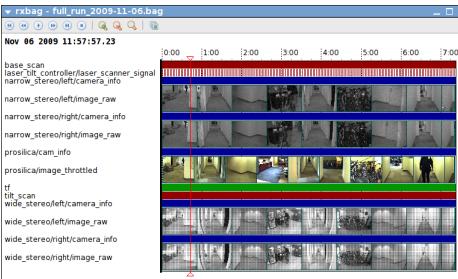
Examples:

Replay all messages without waiting:

```
$ rosbag play -a demo_log.bag
```

Replay several bag files at once:

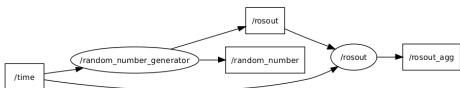
```
$ rosbag play demo1.bag demo2.bag
```



Graphical Tools

rqt_graph

Displays a graph of the ROS nodes that are currently running, as well as the ROS topics that connect them.

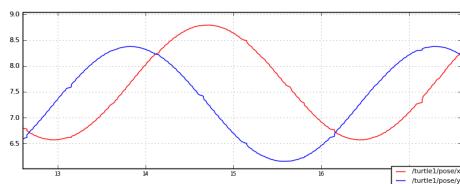


Usage:

```
$ rqt_graph
```

rqt_plot

A tool for plotting data from one or more ROS topic fields using matplotlib.



Examples:

To graph the data in different plots:

```
$ rqt_plot /topic1/field1 /topic2/field2
```

To graph the data all on the same plot:

```
$ rqt_plot /topic1/field1,/topic2/field2
```

To graph multiple fields of a message:

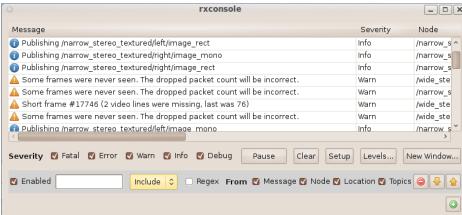
```
$ rqt_plot /topic1/field1:field2:field3
```

rqt_bag

A tool for visualizing, inspecting, and replaying histories (bag files) of ROS messages.

rqt_console

A tool for displaying and filtering messages published on rosout.



Usage:

```
$ rqt_console
```

tf Command-line Tools

tf_echo

A tool that prints the information about a particular transformation between a source_frame and a target_frame.

Usage:

```
$ rosrun tf tf_echo <source_frame> <target_frame>
```

Examples:

To echo the transform between /map and /odom:

```
$ rosrun tf tf_echo /map /odom
```

view_frames

A tool for visualizing the full tree of coordinate transforms.

Usage:

```
$ rosrun tf view_frames  
$ evince frames.pdf
```